STATE COUNCIL OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION AND VOCATIONAL TRAINING, ODISHA TEACHING AND EVALUATION SCHEME FOR DIPLOMA IN ENGINEERING COURSES

DISCIPLINE: ELECTRICAL AND MECHANICALENGINEERING SEMESTE											SEMESTE	R: 3 RD
SL	SUBJEC	SUBJECT	P	ERIO	DS		EVALUATION SCHE				EME	
NO	T CODE		L	Т	P	INTERNAL			END	TERM	PRACTI	TOTAL
]	EXAM	[SEM	WORK	CAL	MARKS
									EXAM		EXAM	
						TA	СТ	То				
								tal				
THE	ORY											
1.	BST 301	ENGG.MATH - III	4	0	0	10	20	30	70			100
2.	EMT 301	STRENGTH OF MATERIAL	4	1	0	10	20	30	70			100
3.	EMT 302	ENGG. MATERIAL	4	0	0	10	20	30	70			100
4.	EMT 303	THERMAL ENGINEERING-I	4	1	0	10	20	30	70			100
5.	EMT 304	CIRCUIT AND NETWORK	4	1	0	10	20	30	70			100
		THEORY										
PRA	CTICAL/TE	CRM WORK										
6.	EMP 301	MECHANICAL ENGINEERING	0	0	6					25	50	75
		LAB										
7.	EMP 302	CIRCUIT THEORY LAB	0	0	4					25	50	75
8.	EMP 303	WORKSHOP PRACTICE-II			6					25	75	100
GRAND TOTAL			20	03	16	50	100	150	350	75	175	750
GNA	IND IOTAL	·	20	05	10	50	100	130	550	15	175	,

Total Contact hours per week: 39
Abbreviations: L-Lecture, T-Tutorial, P-Practical, TA- Teacher's Assessment, CT- Class test
Minimum Pass Mark in each Theory Subject is 35% and in Practical subject is 50%

ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS – III

Name of the Course: Diploma in ELECTRICAL AND MECHANICALENGINEERING						
Course code:	BST 301	Semester	3 rd			
Total Period:	60	Examination	3 hrs			
Theory periods:	4P / week	Class Test:	20			
Tutorial:		Teacher's Assessment:	10			
Maximum marks:	100	End Semester Examination:	70			

(COMMON TO ELECT/CSE/ETC, AE & I/CP/IT/MECH/AUTO)

A. RATIONALE:

The subject Engineering Mathematics-III, is a common paper for Engineering branches. This subject includes Matrices, Laplace Transforms, Fourier Series, Differential Equations and Numerical Methods etc. for solution of Engineering problems.

B. OBJECTIVE:

On completion of study of Engineering Mathematics-III, the students will be able to:

- 1. Apply matrices in Engineering mechanics, electrical circuits and linear programming.
- 2. Transform Engineering problems to mathematical models with the help of differential equations and familiarize with the methods of solving by analytical methods, transform method, operator method and numerical methods.
- 3. Solve algebraic and transcendental equations by Iterative methods easily programmable in computers.
- 4. Analysis data and develop interpolating polynomials through method of differences.

C. Topic wise distribution of periods: Period Sl. No. **Topics** 04 1 Matrices 2 Differential equation 12 3 Laplace transform 14 4 Fourier series 14 5 Numerical methods 04 6 Finite difference & Interpolation 12 Total: 60 **D. COURSE CONTENTS**

04

1. MATRICES

1.1 Define rank of a matrix.

- 1.2 Perform elementary row transformation to determine the rank of a matrix.
- 1.3 State Rouche's Theorem for consistency of a system of linear equations in 'n' unknowns.

1.4 Solve equations in three unknowns testing consistency.

2. Linear Differential Equations

- 2.1 Define Homogeneous and non-homogeneous differential equations with constant coefficients with examples.
- 2.2 Find general solution of linear equations in terms of C.F. and P.I.
- 2.3 Derive rules of finding C.F. and P.I. in terms of operator D.
- 2.4 Define Partial Differential equations(P.D.E.)
- 2.5 Form partial differential equations by eliminating arbitrary constants and arbitrary functions.
- 2.6 Solve partial differential equations of the form P.p+Q.q=R
- 2.7 Solve Engineering problems on 2.1-2.6.

3. LAPLACE TRANSFORMS

- 3.1 Define Gamma function and $\Gamma(n+1) = n!$ and find $\Gamma(\frac{1}{2}) = \sqrt{\pi}$ (No problem)
- 3.2 Define Laplace transform of a function f(t) and inverse laplace transform.
- 3.3 Derive L.T. of standard functions and explain existence conditions of L.T.
- 3.4 Explain linear, shifting and Change of scale property of L.T.
- 3.5 Formulate L.T. of derivatives, integrals, multiplication by t^n and division by t.
- 3.6 Derive formula of inverse L.T.
- 3.7 Solve Linear Differential Equations with constant coefficients associated with initial conditions using Transform Method(upto 2nd order only).
- 3.8 Solve problems on 3.2-3.7

4 FOURIER SERIES

- 4.1 Define periodic functions
- 4.2 State Dirichlet's conditions for the Fourier expansion of a function and its convergence.
- 4.3 Express periodic function f(x) satisfying Dirichlet's conditions as a Fourier series.
- 4.4 State Euler's formulae.
- 4.5 Define Even and Odd functions and Obtain F.S. in $(0 \le x \le 2\pi \text{ and } -\pi \le x \le \pi)$
- 4.6 Obtain F.S. of continuous functions and functions having points of discontinuity in $(0 \le x \le 2\pi \text{ and } -\pi \le x \le \pi).$

4.7 Solve problems on 4.1-4.6

5 NUMERICAL METHODS

- 5.1 Appraise limitations of analytic method of solution of algebraic and transcendental equations.
- 5.2 Derive Iterative formula for finding the solutions of algebraic and transcendental equations by:
 - a) Bisection method
 - b) Newton Raphson method
- 5.3 Solve problems on 5.2

6 FINITE DIFFERENCE and INTERPOLATION

- 6.1 Explain finite difference and form table of forward and backward difference.
- 6.2 Define shift operator(E) and establish relation between E and difference operator(Δ).
- 6.3 Derive Newton's forward and backward interpolation formula for equal interval.
- 6.4 State Lagrange's Interpolation formula for unequal intervals.
- 6.5 Explain numerical integration and state
 - 6.5.1 Newton-Cote's formula(No derivation)
 - 6.5.2 Trapezoidal Rule
 - 6.5.3 Simpson's 1/3rd rule
- 6.6 Solve Problems on 6.1-6.5

Learning Resources:

Sl.No	Name of Authors	Title of the Book	Name of Publisher
Text Book:			
1	Dr.B.S. Grewal	Higher Engineering Mathematics	Khanna Publishers

STRENGTH OF MATERIAL

Name of the Course: Diploma in ELECTRICAL AND MECHANICALENGINEERING						
Course code:	EMT 301	Semester	3 RD			
Total Period:	75	Examination	3 hrs			
Theory periods:	4 P/W	Class Test:	20			
Tutorial:	1 P/W	Teacher's Assessment:	10			
Maximum marks:	100	End Semester Examination:	70			

Course objectives

Students will develop ability towards

- Determination of stress, strain under uniaxial loading (due to static or impact load and temperature) in simple and single core composite bars.
- Determination of stress, strain and change in geometrical parameters of cylindrical and spherical shells due to pressure
- Realization of shear stress besides normal stress and computation of resultant stress in two dimensional objects.
- Drawing bending moment and shear force diagram and locating points in a beam where the effect is maximum or minimum.
- Determination of bending stress and torsion stress in simple cases

Determination of critical load in slender columns thus realizing combined effect of axial and bending load.

Chapter	Topics	Contents	Hours
ID	ID		
1.0	Simple	stress& strain	15
	1.1	Types of load, stresses & strains,(Axial and tangential) Hookes law,	
		Young's modulus, bulk modulus, modulus of rigidity, Poisson's ratio,	
		derive the relation between three elastic constants,	
	1.2	Principle of super position, stresses in composite section	
	1.3	Temperature stress, determine the temperature stress in composite bar	
		(single core)	

- 1.4 Strain energy and resilience, Stress due to gradually applied, suddenly applied and impact load
- 1.5 Simple problems on above.

2.0 Thin cylinder and spherical shell under internal pressure

- 2.1 Definition of hoop and longitudinal stress, strain
- 2.2 Derivation of hoop stress, longitudinal stress, hoop strain, longitudinal strain and volumetric strain
- 2.3 Computation of the change in length, diameter and volume
- 2.4 Simple problems on above

3.0

Two dimensional stress systems

- 3.1 Determination of normal stress, shear stress and resultant stress on oblique plane
- 3.2 Location of principal plane and computation of principal stress
- 3.3 Location of principal plane and computation of principal stress and maximum shear stress using Mohr's circle

4.0 Bending moment& shear force

12

12

9

12

- 4.1 Types of beam and load
- 4.2 Concepts of Shear force and bending moment
- 4.3 Shear Force and Bending moment diagram and its salient features illustration in cantilever beam, simply supported beam and over hanging beam under point load and uniformly distributed load

5.0 Theory of simple bending

- 5.1 Assumptions in the theory of bending,
- 5.2 Bending equation, Moment of resistance, Section modulus& neutral axis.
- 5.3 solve simple problems

6.0 Combined direct & Bending stresses

- 6.1 Define column
- 6.2 Axial load, Eccentric load on column,
- 6.3 Direct stresses, Bending stresses, Maximum& Minimum stresses.Numerical problems on above.
- 6.4 Buckling load computation using Euler's formula (no derivation) in columns with various end conditions

7.0 Torsion

- 7.1 Assumption of pure torsion
- 7.2 The torsion equation for solid and hollow circular shaft
- 7.3 Comparison between solid and hollow shaft subjected to pure torsion

Learning Resources:

TEXT BOOKS:	1.	S Ramamrutham
	2.	R K Rajput

3.R Subramanian

Reference Books:

G H Rhyder
 R C Hibbler

Strength of Materials Strength of Materials

Strength of Materials

Strength of Materials Mechanics of Materials

ENGINEERING MATERIALS

Name of the Course: Diploma in ELECTRICAL AND MECHANICALENGINEERING						
Course code:	EMT 302	Semester	3 rd			
Total Period:	60	Examination	3 hrs			
Theory periods:	4 P/week	Class Test:	20			
Tutorial:		Teacher's Assessment:	10			
Maximum marks:	100	End Semester Examination:	70			

Course Objectives

Students will develop ability towards

- Realizing material requirements
- Realizing application area of ferrous, non ferrous and alloys
- Comprehending micro-structural changes during iron-carbon phase transformation process
- Comprehending effect of heat treatment and its effect towards change in material properties
- Comprehending continuity during evolution in engineering materials and development of modern engineering materials

Chapter	Topics	Contents	Hours
ID	ID		
1.0	Enginee	ring materials and their properties	8
	1.1	Material classification into ferrous and non ferrous category and alloys	
	1.2	Properties of Materials: Physical and Chemical	
	1.3	Performance requirements	
	1.4	Material reliability and safety	
2.0	Ferrous	Materials and alloys	8
	2.1	Characteristics and application of ferrous materials	
	2.2	Classification, composition and application of low carbon steel,	
		medium carbon stell and High carbon steel	
	2.3	Alloy steel: Low alloy steel, high alloy steel, tool steel and stainless	
		steel	
	2.4	Tool steel: Effect of various alloying elements such as Cr, Mn, Ni, V,	

Mo, W

3.0 Iron – Carbon system

- 3.1 Concept of phase diagram and cooling curves
- 3.2 Features of Iron-Carbon diagram with salient micro-constituents of Iron and Steel

4.0 Crystal imperfections

- 4.1 Crystal defines, classification of crystals, ideal crystal and crystal imperfections
- 4.2 Classification of imperfection: Point defects, line defects, surface defects and volume defects
- 4.3 Types and causes of point defects: Vacancies, Interstitials and impurities
- 4.4 Types and causes of line defects: Edge dislocation and screw dislocation
- 4.5 Effect of imperfection on material properties
- 4.6 Deformation by slip and twinning
- 4.7 Effect of deformation on material properties

5.0 Heat Treatment

- 5.1 Purpose of Heat treatment
- 5.2 Process of heat treatment: Annealing, normalizing, hardening, tampering, stress relieving measures
- 5.3 Surface hardening: Carburizing and Nitriding
- 5.4 Effect of heat treatment on properties of steel
- 5.5 Hardenability of steel

6.0 Non-ferrous alloys

- 6.1 Aluminium alloys: Composition, property and usage of Duralmin, yalloy
- 6.2 Copper alloys: Composition, property and usage of Copper-Aluminium, Copper-Tin, Babbit, Phosperous bronze, brass, Copper-Nickel
- 6.3 Predominating elements of lead alloys, Zinc alloys and Nickel alloys
- 6.4 Low alloy materials like P-91, P-22 for power plants and other high temperature services. High alloy materials like stainless steel grades of duplex, super duplex materials etc.

7.0 Bearing Material

7.1 Classification, composition, properties and uses of Copper base, Tin Base, Lead base, Cd base bearing materials

12

10

8.0	Spring	materials	4
	8.1	Classification, composition, properties and uses of Iron-base and	
		Copper base spring material	
9.0	Polyme	rs	4
	9.1	Properties and application of thermosetting and thermoplastic	
		polymers	
	9.2	Properties of elastomers	
10.0	Compos	sites and Ceramics	4
	10.1	Classification, composition, properties and uses of particulate based	
		and fiber reinforced composites	
	10.2	Classification and uses of ceramics	
11.0	Surface	preparation and Industrial painting	2
	11.1	Reasons of corrosion and surface wear	
	11.2	Purpose of painting and methods of industrial painting	

Learning Resources:

Text books	Sl.No	Author	Title of Book	Publisher
	1.	O P Khanna	A Textbook of Material Science	
			and Metallurgy	
	2.	R K Rajput	Engineering materials and	
			metallurgy	
Reference book	1.	S K Hazrachoudhry	Material science& process	

THERMAL ENGINEERING-I

Name of the Course: Diploma in ELECTRICAL AND MECHANICALENGINEERING						
Course code:	EMT 303	Semester	3 rd			
Total Period:	75	Examination	3 hrs			
Theory periods:	4P/week	Class Test:	20			
Tutorial:	1 P / WEEK	Teacher's Assessment:	10			
Maximum marks:	100	End Semester Examination:	70			

Course Objectives:

Students will develop an ability towards

- Comprehending significance of thermodynamic properties in order to analyze a thermodynamic system from macroscopic view point
- Computing work and heat transfers across system boundaries
- Comprehending and applying first and second law of thermodynamics in closed and open systems involving steady flow
- Determining thermodynamic properties of water-vapor-steam using steam tables and Mollier chart
- Comprehending and applying gas laws applicable to ideal gas in order to determine thermodynamic properties as well realizing differences in real gases

Chapter	Topics	Contents	Hours
ID	ID		
1.	Concep	ts and terminology	8
	1.1	Thermodynamic systems	
	1.2	Macroscopic and microscopic views of study, concept of continuum	
	1.3	Thermodynamic properties of a system (Pressure, volume, temperature and	
		units of measurement)	
	1.4	Intensive and extensive properties	
	1.5	State and Process	
	1.6	Thermodynamic equilibrium	
	1.7	Quasistatic process	
2	Energy	and Work Transfer	10
	2.1	Conceptual explanation of energy, work and heat	

2.2 Work transfer, Displacement work, forms of work transfer

- 2.3 Modes of heat transfer (Introductory concepts of conduction, convection and radiation)
- 2.4 Sensible and latent heat, specific heat
- 2.5 Energy and its sources

3 First Law of thermodynamics

- 3.1 First Law of thermodynamics
- 3.2 Energy as system property, forms of stored energy
- 3.3 First law for a closed system undergoing a cyclic process
- 3.4 First law for a closed system undergoing change of state
- 3.5 Concept of enthalpy
- 3.6 First law applied to steady flow processes
 - Steady Flow Energy Equation and its application to nozzle, turbine and compressor
- 3.7 Perpetual motion machine of first kind

4

Second Law of Thermodynamics

- 4.1 Limitations of first law
- 4.2 Thermal reservoir
- 4.3 Concept of heat engine, heat pump and refrigerator
- 4.4 Statement of Second law of thermodynamics (Clausius and Kelvin Planck), Perpetual motion machine of second kind
- 4.5 Carnot cycle
- 4.6 Application of second law in heat engine, heat pump, refrigerator and determination of efficiencies and COP
- 4.7 Clausius inequality
- 4.8 Defining entropy, entropy and disorder
- 4.9 Principle of increase in entropy

5 Working substances

- 5.1 Pure substance, what it is
- 5.2 Phase change phenomenon of pure substance and associated terminology
- 5.3 p-v, p-h and T-s diagrams

15

5.4 Specific heats

real gases

- 5.5 Dryness fraction and its measurement
- 5.6 Steam table and its use to determine unknown properties
- 5.7 Use of Mollier chart to determine unknown properties

6	Ideal ga	ases and real gases	12
	6.1	Boyle's law, Charles' law, Avogadro's law, Dalton's law of partial pressure,	
		Guy Lussac equation, Equations of state, Characteristic Gas constant and	
		Universal Gas constant	
	6.2	Work transfer equations for ideal gases: Constant pressure, constant	
		volume, isothermal, polytropic, isentropic processes	
	6.3	Van der wal equation of state for real gases, Difference between ideal and	

Learning Resources:

Text Books:	1. P. Chattopadhyay	Engineering Thermodynamics
	2. Domkundwar	A text book of thermal Engineering
Reference Bo	oks: 1. P K Nag	Engineering Thermodynamics,
	2. M Rathore , Mahesh	Thermal Engineering,

Circuit and Network Theory

Name of the Course: Diploma in ELECTRICAL AND MECHANICALENGINEERING				
Course code:EMT 304Semester3		3 rd		
Total Period:	75	Examination	3 hrs	
Theory periods:	4P/week	Class Test:	20	
Tutorial:	1P/week	Teacher's Assessment:	10	
Maximum marks:	100	End Semester	70	
		Examination:		

A. Rationale:

Study of Magnetic and Electric Circuits are essential in study of Electrical Engineering, study of Circuits and Network constitutes the basic and fundamental aspect of deriving insight into the functioning and analysis of Electrical network, instruments and machineries.

B. Objectives:

- 1. To develop the concept on Electrical circuit parameters and laws
- 2. To develop problem solving ability on magnetic Circuit.
- 3. To develop knowledge on network analysis
- 4. Use of theorems in problem solving.
- 5. To develop knowledge on R-L, R-C and R-L-C circuit analysis in A.C
- 6. To understand the behavior of circuit in transient condition.
- 7. To develop concept on network functions and parameters.
- 8. To develop knowledge of filters and their circuit characteristics

C. TOPIC WISE DISTRIBUTION OF PERIODS

Sl.No.	Nam 1	e of the Topic CIRCUIT ELEMENTS AND LAWS	Period 04
	2	MAGNETIC CIRCUITS	06
	3	NETWORK ANALYSIS	04
	4	NETWORK THEOREMS	08
	5	AC CIRCUIT AND RESONANCE	10
	6	COUPLED CIRCUITS	06
	7	TRANSIENTS	08
	8	TWO-PORT NETWORK	08
	9	FILTERS	06
		TOTAL	60
D	COUDE		

D. COURSE CONTENT:

1.	CIRCUIT ELEMENTS AND LAWS:	04
2.	 1.1 Voltage, current, power and energy 1.2 Resistance, Inductance & capacitance as parameters 1.3 Active, Passive, Unilateral & bilateral, Linear & Non linear elements 1.4 KVL and KCL, Voltage division & current division. MAGNETIC CIRCUITS	06
	 2.1 Introduction 2.2 Magnetizing force, Intensity, MMF, flux and their relations 2.3 Permeability, reluctance and permeance 2.4 Analogy between electric and Magnetic Circuits 2.5 B-H Curve 2.6 Series & parallel magnetic circuit 2.7 Hysteresis loop 	
3.	NETWORK ANALYSIS:	04
	 3.1 Mesh Analysis 3.2 Mesh Equations by inspection 3.2.1 Super mesh Analysis 3.2.2 Nodal Analysis 3.2.3 Nodal Equations by inspection 3.2.4 Super node Analysis 3.3 Source Transformation Technique 	
4.	NETWORK THEOREMS:	08
	 4.1 Star – delta transformation 4.2 Super position Theorem 4.3 Thevenin's Theorem 4.4 Norton's Theorem 4.5 Reciprocity Theorem 4.6 Compensation Theorem 4.7 Maximum power Transfer theorem 4.8 Milliman's Theorem 	
5.	AC CIRCUIT AND RESONANCE:	10
	 5.1 Review of A.C. through R-L, R-C & R-L-C Circuit 5.2 Solution of problems of A.C. through R-L, R-C & R-L-C series Circuit by complex algebra method. 	
	 5.3 Solution of problems of A.C. through R-L, R-C & R-L-C parallel &Composite Circuits 5.4 Power factor & power triangle. 5.5 Deduce expression for active, reactive, apparent power. 5.6 Series resonance & band width in RLC Circuit 5.7 Resonant frequency for a tank circuit 5.8 Q factor & selectivity in series circuit. 	

	5.9 5.10 5.11	Voltage, current & power in star & delta connection	
6.	COUP	LED CIRCUITS:	06
	6.1	Self Inductance and Mutual Inductance	
	6.2	Conductively coupled circuit and mutual impedance	
	6.3	Dot convention	
	6.4	Coefficient of coupling	
	6.5	Series and parallel connection of coupled inductors	
7.	TRAN	SIENTS:	08
	7.1	Steady state & transient state response.	
	7.2	Response to R-L, R-C & RLC circuit under DC condition.	
	7.3	Application of Laplace transform for solution of D.C transient	
		circuits.	
8.	TWO-	PORT NETWORK:	08
	8.1	Open circuit impedance (z) parameters	
	8.2	Short circuit admittance (y) parameters	
		Transmission (ABCD) parameters	
		Hybrid (h) parameters.	
	8.5	Inter relationships of different parameters.	
		T and π representation.	
9.	FILTE	CRS:	06
	9.1	Classification of filters.	
	9.2	Filter networks.	
	9.3	Equations of filter networks.	
	9.4	Classification of pass Band, stop Band and cut-off frequency.	
	9.5	Characteristic impedance in the pass and stop bands	
	9.6	Constant – K low pass filter	
	9.7	Constant – K high pass filter	
		Constant – K Band pass filter	
	9.9	Constant – K Band elimination filler	

9.10 m- derived T section filter

Learning Resources:

Text Books					
Sl.No	Name of Authors	Title of the Book	Name of the publisher		
1	A. Sudhakar & Shyam	CIRCUIT & NETWORKS	Tata McGraw Hill		
	Mohan S Palli	for modules:- 1,3,4,5,6,7,8,9			
2	B. L. Thereja	Electrical Technology Volume – I	S. Chand		
		[for module: 2 only]			

3	Sakhija & Nagsarkar	Circuit and Networks [For	
		modules:- 1,3,4,5,7,8 and 9.]	

MECHANICAL ENGINEERING LABORTORY

Name of the Course: Diploma in ELECTRICAL AND MECHANICALENGINEERING					
Course code:EMP 301Semester3rd					
Total Period:	90	Examination	4 hrs		
Lab. periods:	6 P/week	Term Work	25		
Maximum marks:	75	End Semester Examination:	50		

Course Objectives

Students will develop an ability towards

- Conducting experimentations to determine properties of a solid material subject to uni axial loading and impact
- Conducting experimentations towards determining characteristics of a fuel
- Study of equipment employing using fuels

1. Strength of Materials Laboratory

- 1.1 Determine end reactions in a beam
- 1.2 Determination of Young's modulus using Searl's apparatus
- 1.3 Determination of torsional rigidity of the shaft using torsion testing machine
- 1.4 Determination of salient points (Young's modulus, yield point, fracture point) from stressstrain curve using Universal Testing Machine
- 1.5 Determination of hardness number by Rockwell/Vickers hardness testing machine
- 1.6 Determination of toughness using Impact testing machine (Charpy/Izod)

2. Thermal Engineering Laboratory

- 2.1 Study of 2-S, 4-S petrol engine
- 2.2 Study of 2-S, 4-S diesel engine
- 2.3 Determination of Flash point and fire point
- 2.4 Joule's experiment
- 2.5 Study of boilers (Fire tube, water tube)
- 2.6 Study of steam engine

CIRCUIT THEORY LAB

Name of the Course: Diploma in ELECTRICAL AND MECHANICALENGINEERING				
Course code:EMP 302Semester 3^{rd}			3 rd	
Total Period:	60	Examination	4 hrs	
Lab. periods:	4 P / week	Term Work	25	
Maximum marks:	75	End Semester Examination:	50	

A. Rationale:

The response of Electrical Circuit can be verified practically by applying different theorems and fundamental techniques. The students will become sure that the theoretical tricks which they have learned from books are true. The students will become competent in the field of circuit analysis

B. Objective:

On completion of the lab course the student will be able to:

- 1. Verify the theorems using circuit theorems
- 2. Know the various types of filters
- 3. Know to draw different circuits using P-Spice software

C. Course content in terms of specific objectives:

- 1. Verification of KCL and KVL.
- 2. Verification of Super position theorem
- 3. Verification of Thieving's Theorem
- 4. Verification of Norton's Theorem
- 5. Verification of Milliman's Theorem
- 6. Verification of Maximum power transfer Theorem
- 7. Determine resonant frequency of series R-L-C circuit
- 8. Study of High pass filter & determination of cut-off frequency
- 9. Study of low pass filter & determination of cut-off frequency
- 10. Study of Band pass filter and Band Elimination filter & determination of its cut-off Frequency
- 11. Analyze the charging and discharging of an R-C & R-L circuit with oscilloscope and Compute the time constant from the tabulated data and determine the rise time graphically.
- 12. Determination of parameters of 'Two port Network'.

WORKSHOP PRACTICE-II

Name of the Course:	Name of the Course: Diploma in ELECTRICAL AND MECHANICALENGINEERING					
Course code:MEP 303Semester3rd						
Total Period:	105	Examination	4 hrs			
Lab. periods:	7 P/week	Term Work	25			
Maximum marks:	100	End Semester Examination:	75			

Course Objectives

Students will develop an ability towards

- Practicing fitting, carpentry, smithy and machining
- Understanding the tools and equipment used in the practices
- Realize the time and resource utilization in the practices

1. Fitting practices

- 1.1 Preparation of caliper
- 1.2 Preparation of try square
- 1.3 Preparation of hammer
- 1.4 Preparation of male-female joint

2. Smithy Practices

- 2.1 Preparation of door ring with hook
- 2.2 Preparation of hexagonal head bolt
- 2.3 Preparation of octagonal flat chisel

3 Carpentry Practices

- 3.1 Cutting of slot, botch, mortise and Tenon
- 3.2 Preparation of single dove tail joint

4 Metal Machining practices

- 4.1 Plain turning
- 4.2 Step turning
- 4.3 Taper turning
- 4.4 Grooving

4.5 Chamfering

4.6 External threading